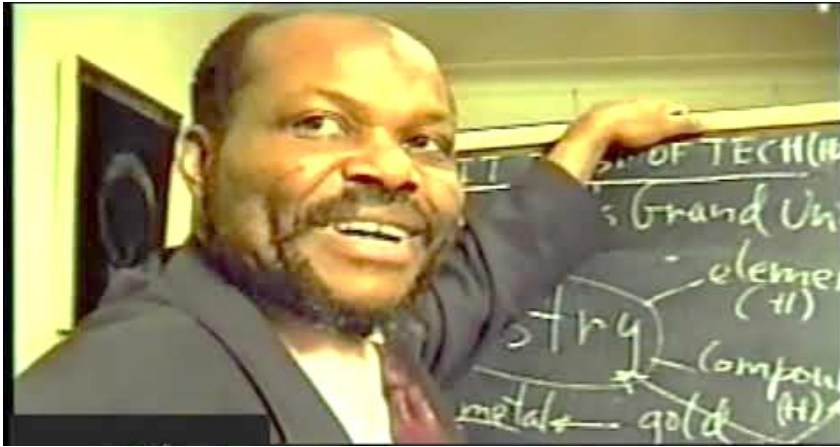# HONORABLE DR. PROFESSOR GABRIEL AUDU OYIBO

Founder of OFAPPIT Institute of Technology
Dix Hills, New York
GAGUTOFAPPIT.COM

BRIEF SUMMARY

A very special Living Legacy that solved all ClayMath Institute unsolved Millennium Theories Problems; through one Theorem [Gij,j=0], including Yang–Mills and Mass Gap, Riemann Hypothesis, P vs NP Problem, Navier–Stokes Equation, Hodge Conjecture, Poincaré Conjecture, and Birch and Swinnerton-Dyer Conjecture.

A three times nominee for the Mathematics & Physics Nobel Prized Awards, but ClayMath Institute Noble Prize Nominating Committee has yet to acknowledge his notable works even though Nigeria, Germany, China, Russia, and India to name a few has and still is acknowledge the Honorable Oyibo's works.

The Honorable Oyibo nominee was based on his outstanding works in the fields of Mathematics, Science, & Technology for solving the Grand Unification Theory popularly known as the "Theory of Everything" or "The Holy Grail of Mathematics and Physics". This took place in 1990, by discovering the GOD Almighty's Grand Unified Theorem (GAGUT) which is represented by an absolutely exact mathematical equation Gij,j=0, that can be interpreted as GOD (Gij), in GOD's Material (i) and Space Time Dimensions, does not change, where the comma symbolizes change in tensor notation.

GAGUT Gij,j=0 being recognized as the Holy Grail Grand Unified Field Theorem of Everything has Proven To Be The Only Absolutely Perfectly Correct Universal Equation out of which every other correct equation originates and answers many Age Old Questions.

GAGUT is understood to be a revelation from GOD which Professor Gabriel Audu Oyibo was the first human being to be blessed with, and so transcends regular human intellectual pursuits.

ACADEMIC HISTORY

He attended Offa Grammar School for his Advanced level. After this, he went to St. Augustine College, in Kabba — where he became famous for his grasp of Mathematics. He proceeded in 1975 to study Mechanical Engineering at Ahmadu Bello University in Zaria, Nigeria; and from there he moved to the US, where he earned his Ph.D. degree at the Rensselaer Polytechnic University in 1981 in Mathematics and Aeronautics for his MSc. and Ph.

ACADEMIC PUBLICATIONS

The list below is only a starter list of the numerous publications that have been published

1. Oyibo, Gabriel A. Complex variable theorem for the general fundamental solutions for the full Navier Stokes equations. Int. J. Math. Game Theory Algebra 9 (1999), no. 4, 277--320.
2. Oyibo, Gabriel A. Mathematical modelling for fluid and gas dynamic turbulence, Nova J. Math. Game Theory Algebra 6 (1997), no. 4, 223--274 also published in Applied Mathematics: Methods and Applications (1995), 519--563.
3. Oyibo, Gabriel A. Exact closed form solutions to the full Navier-Stokes equations and new perceptions for fluid and gas dynamics, Nova J. Math. Game Theory Algebra 7 (1997), 13-74 also published in Applied Mathematics: Methods and Applications (1995), 401--476.
4. Oyibo, Gabriel A. Generalized mathematical proof of Einstein's theory using a new group theory, Nova J. Math. Game Theory Algebra 4 (1996), 1-24 also published in Applied Mathematics: Methods and Applications (1995), 205--223
5. John Jara Nutakor and Gabriel Oyibo, An investigation of a solution technique for the three-dimensional hodograph equation, Applied Mathematics: Methods and Applications (1995), 103--158.
6. Oyibo, Gabriel A.Closed-form solutions for nonlinear quasi-unsteady transonic aerodynamics, AIAA J. 27 (1989), 1572-1578.
7. Oyibo, Gabriel A.; Brunelle, Eugene J., Vibrations of circular orthotropic plates in affine space, AIAA J. 23, 296-300 (1985).
8. Brunelle, E.J.; Oyibo, G.A. Generic buckling curves for specially orthotropic rectangular plates, AIAA J. 21, 1150-1156 (1983).
9. Oyibo, Gabriel A. Unified aeroelastic flutter theory for very low aspect ratio panels, AIAA J. 21, 1581-1587 (1983).
10. Oyibo, Gabriel A. Grand unified theorem representing the unified field theory or the theory of everything. Int. J. Math. Game Theory Algebra 9
11. Oyibo, Gabriel A., Complex variable theorem for the general fundamental solutions for the full Navier Stokes equations. Int. J. Math. Game Theory Algebra Vol. 9 (1999), no. 4, 277--320.
12. Oyibo, Gabriel A., Mathematical modelling for fluid and gas dynamic turbulence, Nova J. Math. Game Theory Algebra Vol. 6 (1997), no. 4, 223--274.
13. Oyibo, Gabriel A., Mathematical modelling for fluid and gas dynamic turbulence, Applied Mathematics: Methods and Applications (1995), 519 563.
14. Oyibo, Gabriel A., Group Theory Journey from Fluid Mechanics to Particle Physics presented as an invited lecture, Rensselear Polytechnic Institute, Troy New York (1998)
15. Oyibo, Gabriel A., Generalized mathematical proof of Einstein's theory using a new group theory Symposium in honor of Professor George Handelman Amos Eaton Professor of Mathematics on his 74th Birthday,, Rensselear Polytechnic Institute, Troy New York (1995)
16. Oyibo, Gabriel A., Group Theory Journey from Fluid Mechanics to Particle Physics presented at an International Conference at Embry Ryddle Aeronautical University , Daytona Beach, Florida (1998)
17. Oyibo, Gabriel A., Exact Closed Form Solutions for Nonlinear Unsteady Transonic Aerodynamics, AIAA Journal Vol.27 No.11, (1989)
18. Oyibo, Gabriel A., Exact closed form solutions to the full Navier-Stokes equations and new perceptions for fluid and gas dynamics, Nova J. Math. Game Theory Algebra Vol. 7 No.1 (1997).
19. Oyibo, Gabriel A., Generalized mathematical proof of Einstein's theory using a new group theory, Problems of Nonlinear Analysis in Engineering systems, An International Russian Journal Vol.2 (1995)
20. Oyibo, Gabriel A., Generalized mathematical proof of Einstein's theory using a new group theory, Nova J. Math. Game Theory Algebra Vol. 4 No.1 (1996), 1-24
21. Oyibo, Gabriel A., Generalized mathematical proof of Einstein's theory using a new group theory, Applied Mathematics: Methods and Applications (1995), 205 – 223
22. Oyibo, Gabriel A, Formulation of Three Dimensional Hodograph Method and separable solutions

for Nonlinear Transonic Flows, AIAA Journal Vol. 28, No.10 (October 1990)

23. Oyibo, Gabriel A., Exact closed form solutions to the full Navier-Stokes equations and new perceptions for fluid and gas dynamics, Proceedings of BAIL VI, Edited J.J. Miller, Copper Mountain Colorado (August 1992)

24. Oyibo, Gabriel A., New Group Theory for Mathematical Physics, Gas Dynamics, and Turbulence, Nova Science Publishers, New York (1993)

25. John Jara Nutakor and Gabriel Oyibo, An investigation of a solution technique for the three-dimensional hodograph equation, Applied Mathematics: Methods and Applications (1995), 103--158.

26. John Jara Nutakor, Y Sung Jang and Gabriel Oyibo, Supercritical Wing Design : A three dimensional Hodograph approach, AIAA Paper presented at the AIAA conference Paul Alto, California USA (1992).

27. Oyibo, Gabriel A., Closed-form solutions for nonlinear quasi-unsteady transonic aerodynamics, AIAA J. 27 (1989), 1572-1578.

28. Oyibo, Gabriel A.; Brunelle, Eugene J., Vibrations of circular orthotropic plates in affine space, AIAA J. 23, 296-300 (1985).

29. Brunelle, E.J.; Oyibo, G.A. Generic buckling curves for specially orthotropic rectangular plates, AIAA J. 21, 1150-1156 (1983).

30. Oyibo, Gabriel A. Unified aeroelastic flutter theory for very low aspect ratio panels, AIAA J. 21, 1581-1587 (1983).

31. Oyibo, Gabriel A. Grand unified theorem representing the unified field theory or the theory of everything. Int. J. Math. Game Theory Algebra Vol.9 No.3 (1999)

32. Oyibo, Gabriel A Grand Unified Theorem: Representation of the Unified Field Theory or the Theory of Everything g, Nova Science Publishers (2001)

33. Oyibo, Gabriel A. Highlights of the Grand Unified Theorem: Formulation of the Unified Field Theory or the Theory of Everything, Nova Science Publishers (2002)

34. Oyibo, Gabriel A Grand Unified Theorem: Discovery of the Theory of Everything and the Fundamental Building Block of Quantum Theory, Nova Science Publishers (2004)

35. Oyibo, Gabriel A. Grand Unified Theorem, Nova Science Publishers (1999)

36. Oyibo, Gabriel A. Grand Unified Theory (GUT) Int. J. Math. Game Theory Algebra Vol. 9 No.3 (1999)

37. Oyibo, Gabriel A Grand Unified Theorem: Discovery of the Theory of Everything and the Fundamental Building Block of Quantum Theory, Theorem Int. J. Math. Game Theory Algebra

38. Oyibo, Gabriel A. Highlights of the Grand Unified Theorem: Formulation of the Unified Field Theory or the Theory of Everything, Theorem Int. J. Math. Game Theory Algebra (2002)

39. Oyibo, Gabriel A. Exact closed form solutions to the full Navier-Stokes equations and new perceptions for fluid and gas dynamics, 13-74 in Applied Mathematics: Methods and Applications (1995), 401--476.

40. Oyibo, Gabriel A, Grand Unified Theorem representing the Unified Field Theory or Theory of Everything OFAPPIT Institute of Technology at U.S. Senate GAGUT Briefing, Hart Senate Building, Washington D.C., January 27, 2000. 94.

41. Oyibo, Gabriel A., Editor, Advances in Mathematics Research Vol.1, Nova Science Publishers (2002)

42. Oyibo, Gabriel A., Editor, Advances in Mathematics Research Vol.2, Nova Science Publishers (2003)

43. Oyibo, Gabriel A., Editor, Advances in Mathematics Research Vol.3, Nova Science Publishers (2003)

44. Oyibo, Gabriel A., Editor, Advances in Mathematics Research Vol.4, Nova Science Publishers (2003)

45. Oyibo, Gabriel A., Editor, Advances in Mathematics Research Vol.5, Nova Science Publishers

(2005)

36. Oyibo, Gabriel A., Editor, Advances in Mathematics Research Vol.6, Nova Science Publishers (2005)

37. Oyibo, Gabriel A., Editor, Advances in Mathematics Research Vol.7, Nova Science Publishers (2007)

BRIEFINGS, LECTURES, & PRESENTATIONS

1. Oyibo, Gabriel A, Coast to Coast four hour GAGUT interview aired by WABC and over 540 other Radio Stations to an audience of over 25 million listeners and which was broadcast on the worldwide Nov. 7, 2000.

2. Oyibo, Gabriel A, GAGUT Global Lecture Series, Koi State University , Antigua, Nigeria (2004)

3. Oyibo, Gabriel A, GAGUT Global Lecture Series, ABU, Zaria, Nigeria (2004)

4. Oyibo, Gabriel A, GAGUT Global Lecture Series, Federal University of Technology at Owerri, Nigeria (2004)

5. Oyibo, Gabriel A, GAGUT Global Lecture Series, University of Agriculture, Makurdi, Nigeria (2004)

6. Oyibo, Gabriel A, GAGUT Global Lecture Series, University of Ibadan, Ibaden, Nigeria (2004)

7. Oyibo, Gabriel A, GAGUT Global Lecture Series, National University Headquarters, Abuja, Nigeria (2004)

8. Oyibo, Gabriel A, GAGUT Global Lecture Series, Nigerian National University Science Fair, Abuja, Nigeria (2004)

9. Oyibo, Gabriel A, GAGUT Global Lecture Series, Presidental Villa , Aso Rock Abuja, Nigeria (2004)

10. Oyibo, Gabriel A, GAGUT Global Lecture Series, Ecwa Church, Abuja, Nigeria (2004)

11. Oyibo, Gabriel A, Theory of Everything, an Interview with Professor G. Oyibo, Nova Science Publishers 2002

12. Oyibo, Gabriel A, Theory of Everything, an Interview with Professor G. Oyibo, by News 12 New York Channel 12, Long Island, New York April 8, 2002

13. Oyibo, Gabriel A, Theory of Everything, an Interview with Professor G. Oyibo, by News 55 New York Channel 55, Long Island, New York February 2002.

14. Oyibo, Gabriel A, Theory of Everything, an Interview with Professor G. Oyibo, by WABC Gainsville, Florida (January 2002).

15. Oyibo, Gabriel A, GAGUT Week long presentation to the Miami Dade Country, July 2002

16. Oyibo, Gabriel A, GAGUT Week long presentation to the Miami Dade School system, October 2002

17. Oyibo, Gabriel A, GAGUT presentation to New Yorker Magazine Matthew Gross, April 2004

18. Oyibo, Gabriel A, GAGUT presentation to Miami Herald Newspaper, October 2002

19. Oyibo, Gabriel A, Various GAGUT presentation on Radio and Television stations in New York and New Jersey

20. Oyibo, Gabriel A, GAGUT 100 Weekly LectureSeries from 2002 to 2004

21. Oyibo, Gabriel A, Grand Unified Theorem representing the Unified Field Theory or Theory of Everything OFAPPIT Institute of Technology at NASA, NASA GAGUT Briefing, NASA Headquarters, Washington D.C. (2000).

22. Oyibo, Gabriel A, Grand Unified Theorem representing the Unified Field Theory or Theory of Everything OFAPPIT Institute of Technology at National Science Foundation, NSF Headquarters, Arlington V.A. (2000).

23. Oyibo, Gabriel A, GAGUT presentation to the Nigerian National Radio Cooperation, Abuja, Nigeria (2004).

24. Oyibo, Gabriel A, GAGUT presentation to the Nigeria National Television Authority Cooperation, Ibadan, Nigeria (2004).

25. Oyibo, Gabriel A, GAGUT presentation to the Nigeria National Television Authority Cooperation, Abuja, Nigeria (2004).

26. Oyibo, Gabriel A, GAGUT presentation to the Nigerian Newspapers like the Guardian, the Punch, and the Daily Trust, Nigeria (2004).

27. Oyibo, Gabriel A, GAGUT presentation to the PANA Press Newspaper, New York (2004).

28. Oyibo, Gabriel A, GAGUT presentation to the Graphic Newspaper, Lokoja Nigeria (2004).

29. Oyibo, Gabriel A, GAGUT presentation at the Brecht Forum, Manhattan (1999).

30. Oyibo, Gabriel A, GAGUT presentation to President Olusegun Obasanjo in New York, Manhattan (2004).

31. Oyibo, Gabriel A, GAGUT presentation to Former President Mwalimu Julius Nyerere, New York (September 1990).

32. Oyibo, Gabriel A, GAGUT presentation to Former President Hassan Muinyi, New York (September 1991).

33. Oyibo, Gabriel A, GAGUT long interview with Our Times Press Newspaper, Brooklyn, January, February, (April 1999).

34. Oyibo, Gabriel A, GAGUT l interview with the Daily Challenge Newspaper with Naya Oriende, Brooklyn, (2003).

35. Oyibo, Gabriel A, GAGUT interview with Laolu Akande for Amsterdam News, Harlem, (2003).

36. Oyibo, Gabriel A, GAGUT interview with Laolu Akande for The Guardian Newspaper, Nigeria (2003).

37. Oyibo, Gabriel A., Mathematical modelling for fluid and gas dynamic turbulence, NASA briefing, NASA Langley Research Center, Hampton Virginia, USA (1994) 68. Oyibo, Gabriel A., Conservation Equations of Mathematical Physics, University wide presentation at the Polytechnic University, Farmindale, New York (1994).

39. Oyibo, Gabriel A., GAGUT National Lecture presented at Lincoln University, (December 3, 2000).

40. Oyibo, Gabriel A., GAGUT presentation at Medger Evers College, (December 2, 2000).

41. Oyibo, Gabriel A., GAGUT presentation at City College, Manhattan (May 2, 2003).

42. Oyibo, Gabriel A., GAGUT presentation at State Office Building, Harlem (July 4, 2000).

43. Oyibo, Gabriel A., GAGUT presentation at Marist College in Poughkeepsie, New York (2001).

44. Oyibo, Gabriel A., GAGUT presentation at African Echoes, Newark New Jersey (2003).

45. Oyibo, Gabriel A., GAGUT presentation at the Temple of the Black Messiah, Philadelphia Pennsylvania (2003).

46. Oyibo, Gabriel A., GAGUT presentation at Khemet Bookstore, New Jersey (2003).

47. Oyibo, Gabriel A., GAGUT Summer 2004 presentation , Hauppauge (July 2004)

48. Oyibo, Gabriel A., GAGUT Fall 2004 presentation, Hauppauge (October 2004).

49. Oyibo, Gabriel A., GAGUT Spring 2005 presentation, Hauppauge (March 2005).

50. Oyibo, Gabriel A., GAGUT Summer2005 presentation, Hauppauge (July 2005).
51. Oyibo, Gabriel A., GAGUT Spring 2006 presentation, Hicksville (March 2006).
52. Oyibo, Gabriel A., GAGUT Summer 2006 presentation, Hicksville (August 2006).
53. Oyibo, Gabriel A., GAGUT Fall 2006 presentation, Hicksville (October 2006).
54. Oyibo, Gabriel A., GAGUT Spring 2007 presentation, Hicksville (March 2007).
55. Oyibo, Gabriel A., GAGUT Summer 2007 presentation, Hicksville (August 2007).
56. Oyibo, Gabriel A., GAGUT Fall 2007 presentation, Hicksville (December 2007).
57. Oyibo, Gabriel A., GAGUT Power omics radio presentation with Tom Pope, Washington D.C. (2003).
58. Oyibo, Gabriel A., GAGUT LIB radio presentation with Keide Awadu, California, USA (2004).
59. Oyibo, Gabriel A., GAGUT LIB radio presentation with Julius Ricardo Stanton, New Jersey, USA (2007).
60. Oyibo, Gabriel A., GAGUT WBAI radio presentation with Imhotep Gary Byrd, New York 2004).
61. Oyibo, Gabriel A., GAGUT Sharptalk radio presentation with Rev. Al Sharpton, New York, USA (2002)
62. Oyibo, Gabriel A., GAGUT Kiss 98.7 radio presentation, New York, USA (2003).
63. Oyibo, Gabriel A., GAGUT television presentation on Manhattan Cable Network, with Gilchrist Manhattan, New York (2002).

HONORS AND AWARDS

Professor G. Oyibo has been recognized as being closer to GOD, than any other human being because of the GAGUT discovery. He has also been recognized by the Nigerian Federal Government as Mathematical Genius which was inscribed on a Nigerian Postage Stamp that was issued in 2005.

GAGUT was awarded the Highest Academic Award in history, which is the African International Foundation Award.

Professor G. Oyibo has also been recognized as the Greatest Genius and the Most Intelligent Human Being ever created by GOD. He has also been recognized as the Greatest Mathematical Genius of all time.

Professor G. Oyibo has been recognized by the Nigerian Senate, representing the entire population of Nigeria of over 200 million people, through a Senate Motion No. 151 page 320 presented in the Federal Republic of Nigeria Order Paper on Tuesday, 15th March, 2005; by recommending him unanimously for the highest academic prize (to be higher than the Nobel Prize) in history.

[Motion's Document]
http://www.nassnig.org/National%20Assembly%20Documents/New%20pdf%204%20senate/March/Order%20Paper/ORDER(5th)MARCH25.15.pdf

Professor G. Oyibo was also Knighted by the Attah of the Igala Kingdom as the Amokidojo (translates into English as "Genius from Within") in 2004.

Professor Oyibo was awarded the highest Nigerian academic honor, by the Nigeria's National Universities Commission (NUC), to present a thirty days GAGUT Global Series of Lectures throughout Nigerian Universities, so the International, Scientific, Diplomatic, and Non-Scientific communities could challenge, scrutinize, and verify GAGUT, which turned out GODLY and Successfully in 2004.

The German professors of the Göettingen University, the Harvard of Germany and the home of one of

the three greatest mathematicians of all time, Fredrich Karl Gauss have recently cited GAGUT as a top development in mathematics. The legendary mathematician was honored by featuring a specialized group of selected Mathematics works in the Gauss 2005 celebration. The selected works include that of the legendary David Hilbert, (Hilbert Space in Mathematics), who competed with Einstein in the development of the general relativity theory as well as works of Sir Michael Atiyah, a Field Medal winner (Nobel Prize equivalent in Mathematics) in 1966 and former Master (President) of Trinity College of Cambridge University, also considered one of the greatest mathematicians alive, as well as works by other mathematics luminaries. Professor Gabriel A. Oyibo's book on GAGUT, is one of the thirteen books that have been selected to honor Fredrich K. Gauss.

The German professors of the Güettingen University, the Harvard of Germany and the home of one of the three greatest mathematicians of all time, Fredrich Karl Gauss have recently cited GAGUT as a top development in mathematics. The legendary mathematician was honored by featuring a specialized group of selected Mathematics works in the Gauss 2005 celebration. The selected works include that of the legendary David Hilbert, (Hilbert Space in Mathematics), who competed with Einstein in the development of the general relativity theory as well as works of Sir Michael Atiyah, a Field Medal winner (Nobel Prize equivalent in Mathematics) in 1966 and former Master (President) of Trinity College of Cambridge University, also considered one of the greatest mathematicians alive, as well as works by other mathematics luminaries. Professor Gabriel A. Oyibo's book on GAGUT, is one of the thirteen books that have been selected to honor Fredrich K. Gauss.

Gauss year 2005
Specialized paper
Mathematics/computer science
Book/tap the week
Literature search
Special assembly areas
Mathematics/computer science
News services
Mathematica collection at the GDZ
Electronic resources
Projects
Specialized paper for MATHEMATICS & COMPUTER SCIENCE
Nds. State and university library Goettingen
more up-to-date book/tap the week
Archives 2005 1/13 27/30
NR. 26 Gabriel A. Oyibo: Grand unified theorem
NR. 25 Luchezar L Avramov: Trend into commutative algebra
NR. 24 David Hilbert: Knowledge and mathematical thinking
NR. 23 Alexey Viktorovic Bolsinov and Anatolij T. Fomenko: Integrable Hamiltonian of system
NR. 22 Herbert Pieper: Network of the knowledge and diplomacy of doing good citizen of Berlin mathematics
NR. 21 Robert Hardt: Six of themes on variation
NR. 20 Franz Xaver Lutz: A mathematical art book
NR. 19 Sir Michael Atiyah and Daniel Iagolnitzer: Fields medallists lectures
NR. 18 Michael Atiyah: Collected works
NR. 17 Alain Connes and Matilde Marcolli: From physics tons of NUMBERS theory via noncommutative geometry NR.
16 Titu Andreescu and Zuming Feng: 103 trigonometry problem from the training OF the USA IMO team

NR. 15 Yaakov Friedman: Physical applications OF homogeneous ball
NR. 14 Ovidiu Calin and the Chen Chang: Geometric mechanics on Riemannian manifolds
GAGUT was awarded the Highest Academic Award in history, which is the African International Foundation Award.

SELECTED PRESS CITATIONS

God Was Also Glorified As The Famousgraz University Physics Department, Where Nobel Laureates Schroedinger, And Hess As Well As Boltzmann Were Once Professors, Recognized GAGUT As The Grand Unified Theorem In 2005, From Pages 8 & 126 Of Thesis Entitled "HABITABLE Planets In The Universe: An Interdisciplinary Approach Regarding The Origin And Distribution Of Life" By Professor Thomas Penz, A Research That Was Funded By The Austrian Academy Of Sciences
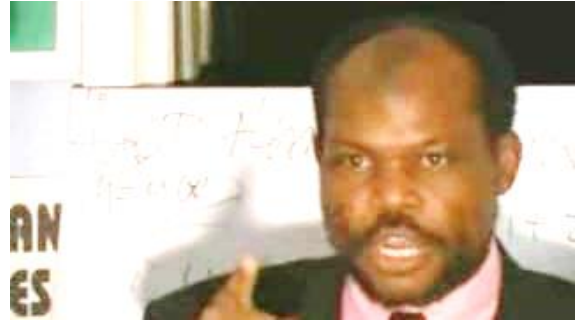
GAGUT is a theorem, NOT a theory, which means that it is provable and has been proved mathematically and has been reviewed extensively by some of the greatest mathematicians like Professor Grigoris Tsagas, Former President of the Balkan Association of Geometers, and who has been credited by the American Mathematical Society(AMS),through its Math Reviews (MR) with over 200 significant mathematical research contributions, ranking him in the highest category of mathematical researchers in the world.

GAGUT has also been covered by Math News, an authoritative news source for significant developments in mathematics worldwide, and has recognized GAGUT as the HOLY GRAIL, a phrase that is used in the scientific and the mathematic world to represent the ultimate research goal for human beings, which is the Unified Field Theory, or the Theory of Everything. MathNews comes out of the University of Turin (Torino), Italy, one of the oldest universities (1404) in Europe. One of the MathNews reports on GAGUT (July 23, 2005) entitled; "THE HOLY GRAIL", was featured with their report about significant research developments from Massachuttes Institute of Technology (MIT) as well as from Cambridge University in England, and other prestigious universities. MathNews is edited by Professor Umberto Cerruti, a very renowned mathematician. GAGUT's classification as THE HOLY GRAIL by MathNews, therefore has confirmed for mathematicians and non-mathematicians that GAGUT is the long awaited discovery of the secret code to the universe.

SELECTED MATHEMATICIANS COMMENTARY

GOD Almighty's Grand Unified Theorem (GAGUT), expressed by the formula $G_{ij,j}=0$, which Professor Gabriel Oyibo was blessed by GOD with its' discovery, is the long awaited Holy Grail Theorem (provable truth) of Everything. Humanity was actually searching for a theory (approximate truth) of everything. However to the pleasant surprise to humanity, GAGUT came out to be a theorem or an absolute truth about everything. This makes GAGUT really the ultimate or greatest human discovery in history and CAN'T be rediscovered by any other human being since GAGUT is the only

absolutely exact equation. Therefore any other equation that any person claims to be representing the Theorem of Everything can only be the GAGUT equation or it is wrong. The result of such a claim would either be wrong or constitute plagiarism if it is correct. This is because it would have been considered plagiarism for Professor G. Oyibo to claim the discovery of the addition formula for adding integers from 1 to an unknown ending number "n" which is equal to $(n/2)(n+1)$, even though Professor G. Oyibo discovered that formula independently along with its mathematical proof, which Professor G. Oyibo later found to be clearly different from the proof presented by Gauss, who is credited with its discovery.
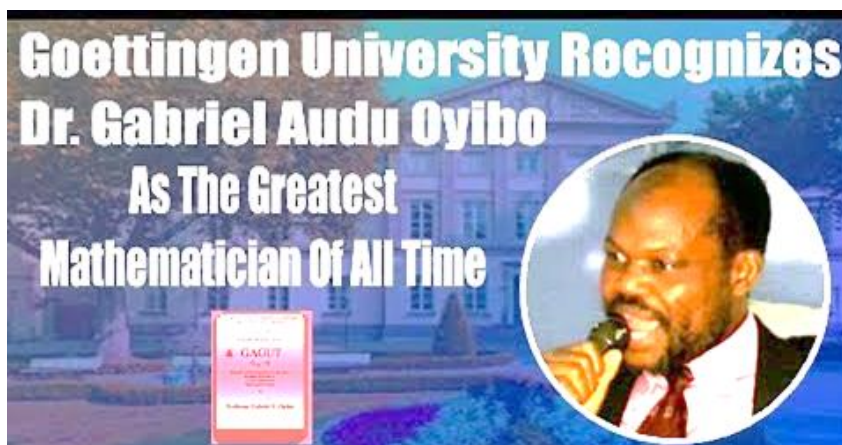
GAGUT therefore provides the provably exact understanding of everything. Intelligence is defined by Webster's Dictionary as an act of understanding. This means the one who understands the most is the most intelligent. GOD through GAGUT, has therefore declared or ordained Professor Gabriel Oyibo the greatest genius or the most intelligent human being ever created. This makes GAGUT a very explosive human development since all of humanity has been searching and hoping to discover it. The greatest minds and academicians all through the ages, searched unsuccessfully to find this absolute truth or secret code to the universe that we now call GAGUT. Therefore the understanding, scrutinizing, and recognizing of GAGUT was expected to be very challenging to humanity. Relativity theory for example was so difficult to understand that during its discovery, Professor Arthur Stanley Eddington of Cambridge University, a highly respected mathematician, was said to have been interviewed by some journalists who wanted him to clarify the rumor that they heard about relativity. That rumor was that only three people in the world understood relativity theory. After posing the question, "Is it true that only three people in the world understood relativity" to Professor Eddington, he began to scratch his head. When asked why he was scratching his head, Professor Eddington replied that he was trying to think of who the third person (besides Albert Einstein and himself) was. That comment from Professor Eddington together with the rumor itself, underscored the challenges of understanding, scrutinizing, and recognizing relativity theory. Considering that relativity is concerned primarily with gravity, one of the fundamental forces of nature (four are currently known), it is clear the challenges of understanding, scrutinizing, and recognizing GAGUT which unifies all fundamental forces of nature, known and unknown, are far greater than for relativity theory. Professor Librescu and other legendary professors were among the first set of great minds to understand, scrutinize, and recognize GAGUT like Eddington did with relativity. Those great minds expressed their understanding, scrutinizing, and recognizing of GAGUT through their support letters nominating Professor G. A. Oyibo for the **Presidential Medal of Science**] and Physics Nobel Prize awards which can be viewed on www.geocities.com/igala1. These legendary academicians through their own brilliance, dedication, and diligence made a big contribution to humanity by understanding, scrutinizing, and recognizing GAGUT and thereby putting their reputations on the line, particularly by expressing themselves in writing, which also supports one of GAGUT's implications that Professor Gabriel Oyibo, has been ordained by GOD to be the greatest genius or the most intelligent human being ever created. Excerpts or quotations from some of the letters from these legendary professors supporting that GAGUT implication are presented below:

For example:

Physics Professor Dasgupta (India) concludes that Professor G. Oyibo is closer to GOD, than any other

human being because of GAGUT discovery.

The following is the message from Professor Das Gupta to Professor G. Oyibo: From: Krishnendu Das Gupta Reply-To: "Krishnendu dasgupta" Sent: Wednesday, July 25, 2007 9:24 AM To: gaoyibo@ Subject: God's mission and das gupta Dear Oyibo, Good Day! I heard that you have been successful in finding the unified field theory. Congratulations! You are more close to God than any of us. I was also working upon this theory, since my theory was different God was different to me. Please write to me as I would like to know where I was wrong. Thanking You. Yours, Krishnendu das gupta

Professor Eugene Brunelle, Doctor of Science, Summa Cum Laude, from MIT and former Princeton University Professor declared that history has shown that since 1916 when Einstein popularized the search for the theory of everything, there has not been any human being with a mind as developed or as intelligent as Professor G. Oyibo.

Professor George Handelman, Amos Eaton Professor of Mathematics, RPI, and former Mathematics Professor at Brown University has classified Professor G. Oyibo's work in the same category with the works of Professor. Lord Rayleigh, (Nobel Laureate- Physics), Professor Werner Heisenberg, (Nobel Laureate-Physics), Professor Geoffrey Taylor, Cambridge University Mathematics Professor and Professor Theodore Von Karman, Aeronautics and Physics Professor at CalTech.

Professor Iya Abubakar, Ph. D., in Mathematics from Cambridge University where Sir Isaac Newton and Sir Stephen Hawking also received their Ph. D.s, categorically verified that the GAGUT equation $G_{ij,\,j} = 0$ "is perfectly correct", and "a big break through". Prof Iya Abubakar also further verified that the GAGUT equation can be interpreted as "God does not change." He also indicated that the verification of GAGUT by another mathematical legend Professor Grigoris Tsagas proves that GAGUT is correct.

Professor Alex Animalu, former research Scientist at Stanford University and MIT, a graduate of Cambridge University in Physics and an author of a Cambridge University citation classic with over 729 citations, declared that, "GAGUT is a discovery that takes science or physics beyond Einstein", and in a paper entitled "Review of Grand Unified Theorem with realizations of a Hierarchy of Oyibo-Einstein Relativities" declared:

"We are therefore led to the conclusion that Professor Oyibo's GUT has a sound mathematical and physical basis and is a viable framework for a Grand Unified Field Theory of Everything."

Professor Joshua Anyiwo, Cambridge University Graduate and former NASA Research Scientist declared that "Dr. Oyibo's Grand Unified Theorem is the cleanest, most carefully articulated, most comprehensive and authentic presentation of a unifying theory of physics that I have ever encountered;"

Professor Liviu Librescu, the slain Romanian hero of the VPI Massacre (2007), former Professor of Tel Aviv University and Professor of Aeronautics of Virginia Polytechnic Institute declared:

"Dr Oyibo developed powerful mathematical tools to get solutions for the first time of a number of problems in which famous mathematicians and physicists have dedicated their entire life… I trust that the results obtained by Dr. Oyibo are of the utmost importance and that the powerful tools developed by him will find many followers from various areas of biomechanics, physics, mathematics, aeronautics, etc."

Professor S. Adefila, who Holds Petroleum Research Chair in Chemical Engineering, Ahmadu Bello University declared that, "GAGUT is the highest point of academics."

Professor Edith Luchins, Mathematics Professor, RPI and an aide to Albert Einstein declared "The most exciting contribution to me, personally, is Dr. Oyibo's formulation of Einstein's Unified Field Theory of the "theory of everything.' He had presented a lecture "A Generalized Mathematical Proof of Einstein's

Theory Using a New Group Theory" in March 1995 at a symposium he had organized at RPI … Having met Albert Einstein, and having co-authored reports about him, I am thrilled that Gabriel Oyibo was the first to complete the task that intrigued and challenged Einstein and many other luminaries in science. Moreover, he did so in a mathematically elegant manner. Professor Oyibo's contributions are extremely important, both theoretically and practically. They place him in the ranks of world-class scientists. He is eminently qualified for the Nobel Prize in Physics. Granting of this well-deserved honor to Dr. Oyibo will be celebrated at Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute and throughout the academic and scientific worlds."

SELECTED PUBLIC REVIEWS

Some of the most brilliant and prestigious mathematicians and physicists around the world have supported the nomination of Professor Oyibo for the Nobel Prize in Physics. GAGUT has been published in international journals such as International Journal of Mathematics, Game Theory and Algebra and the Russian Journal of Non Linear Problems in Science and Engineering. GAGUT was reviewed by legendary mathematicians and physicists, such as Professors Greogoris Tsagas (former President of the Balkan Society of Geometers), Pavel Dubowskii (leading academician researcher of the Russian Academy of Sciences), Jaume Carot (famous French mathematical physicist), A. Cichocka (a famous Checkslovakian mathematician), **Iya Abubakar** (legendary Nigerian mathematician with a Ph. D. in mathematics from Cambridge University), A. Pozzi (famous Italian mathematical physicist), A. Animalu (legendary Nigerian mathematical physicist with physics degrees from Cambridge University) and Edith Luchins (very well-known mathematics professor and an aide to Albert Einstein) to name just a few.
Nobel Prize Nomination Link
http://www.geocities.com/igala1/noble.htm
One particular mathematician, **Professor Edith Luchins**
http://www.geocities.com/igala1/luchins1b.jpg, who wrote nomination letters for Nobel Prize in Physics and Presidential Medal of Science for Professor Oyibo after hearing about GAGUT, was an Personal Aide of Albert Einstein. Professor Edith Luchins wrote," The most exciting contribution to me, personally, is Dr. Oyibo's formulation of Einstein's Unified Field Theory or 'the theory of everything . . . I am thrilled that Gabriel Oyibo was the first to complete the task that intrigued and challenged Einstein and many other luminaries in science. Moreover, he did so in a mathematically elegant manner… Professor G. Oyibo's contributions are extremely important, both theoretically and practically.... he is eminently qualified for the Nobel Prize in Physics."

OYIBO'S RESEARCH

I have searched Mathematical Reviews and Zentralblatt here is everything I have located on Dr. Oyibo's work. I have been told he has 104 publications. Perhaps they are in other fields not reviewed by the only two review mathematics journals, Mathematical Reviews and Zentrablatt... If they have published in recognized journals, they would appear in those journals. Perhaps he will send me a vita and I will publicize all of his work.

Dr. Oyibo discovered a new hodograph technique for determining exact nonlinear two-dimensional unsteady and three dimensional flow. This discovery has already begun to change a century old scientific and mathematical perception that the hodograph tool was only useful for two-dimensional fluid flow problems. In evolving the Hodograph transformation concept into a practical design tool, Dr. Oyibo has been involved in extensive application of numerical methods and large computer programs utilizing the Cray supercomputer. This Cray experience has convinced Dr. Oyibo that the resulting design tool would potentially be a significant discovery. In fact, some 3-D aerodynamic shapes are now being evolved from this discovery which theoretically promises to make shock free flight at the speed of sound possible. This research is suggesting that the solutions of most mathematical physics equations can be found from group transformation theory, the core of my research. This theory hopefully can be used to solve the full Navier Stokes and Reynolds Averaged equations for turbulence in closed form.